

Immunization Requirements Overview of 2022-23 School Year

Public Health Law § 2164





Overview

- Introduction
- Immunization Records: Criteria and Standards

: DIFFERENCE SENTITUMENTS

ANET/E

WY.GOV/VACCINE

- Timeline: In-Process and Grace Period
- Medical Exemptions and Susceptible List
- Additional Responsibilities: Exclusions and School Survey
- 2022-23 School Year New York State Immunization Requirements for Immunization Requirements Updates: Tdap and MenACWY
- School Entrance/Attendance Document
- Immunization Worksheets
- NYSIIS and CIR
- Resources



Bureau of Immunization

School Assessment and Compliance Unit

- helps guide school coordinators and local health Monitors the implementation of immunization attain and maintain compliancy departments on procedures for students to requirements in New York State (NYS) schools and
- Establishes New York State Immunization Requirements for School Entrance/Attendance
- Implements guidance from the Advisory (ACIP) Catch-up Schedule Committee of Immunization Practices
- Performs school audits

NYS children by reducing Promoting the health of and/or eliminating the preventable diseases number of vaccine-



Evidence of Immunity or Laboratory Confirmation of Disease

Positive test results (does not include equivocal

results) accepted for:

Hepatitis B Rubella Mumps Measles Serology/Titer Report

Other Acceptable Medical Records

Acceptable without practitioner signature

- NYSIIS or CIR record
- Official record from another state
- Electronic health record
- Official record from a foreign nation
- An official record from a foreign nation may be accepted as a certificate practitioner licensed in New York State of immunization without a health practitioner's signature. An unofficial not be accepted unless it was reviewed and signed by a health record, such as one issued by a private clinic in another country, could
- School health record
- Record transferred directly from another school is acceptable



prior to September 1, 2019, and documentation of results are positive for Polio - Serologic results for polio only allowed if test was performed physician, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant also acceptable Varicella - Evidence of immunity from being diagnosed with varicella by

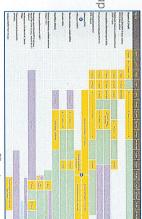
each of the 3 polio serotypes

In-Process

age-appropriate appointments within a 14-day period to complete Received at least first dose of each immunization series and has

the immunization series

- determining appropriate spacing schedule must be used when Immunization Practices (ACIP) catch-up between appointments The Advisory Committee on
- child who meets the definition of inprocess to complete the required School may not refuse admission to a immunizations



Medical Exemption*

York State Department of Health form Completed by New York State licensed physician on the New

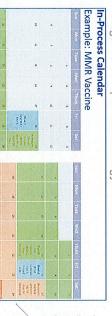
If a New York State licensed physician detrimental to a child's health, the waived until such immunization is no requirement for that immunization is certifies that an immunization is longer detrimental to the child's health

*To be covered in more detail later in presentation

NEW YORK Department

YORK Department of Health

- Students are allowed to have serological testing (see slide 10) within 14 days of a missed dose
- If results are negative or equivocal, appointment dates for vaccination must be scheduled and completed within 30 days from the notification of negative or equivocal serology results



The time allowance for serological testing covers the same 14 days (marked in orange) that the overdue student must be immunized in

Start of Health

Multiple Vaccines on Same Day

Scientific data show that receiving several vaccines at the same time does not cause health problems

- All required vaccines can be received on the same day, including live vaccines
- CDC Safety, Multiple Vaccines at Once:

https://www.cdc.gov/vaccinesafety/concerns/multiplevaccines-immunity.html

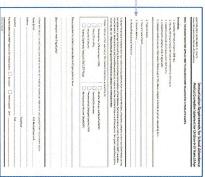
NEW YORK Department STATE of Health

Medical Exemptions & Susceptible List

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Medical Exemptions

- Must be submitted every new school year on the NYS medical exemption form: https://www.health.ny.gov/forms/do
- Students attending NYC schools should use the NYC medical exemption form: https://www.schools.nyc.gov/docs/default-source/default-document-library/medical-request-for-library/medical-request-for-library/medical-request-for-exemption-e



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NEW YORK Department STATE of Health

Susceptible Students

outbreak All students who may require exclusion in the event of a disease

- It is required that schools always have a list of all susceptible students
- Any students with medical exemptions
- Any students in-process

EXAMPLE LIST OF SUSCEPTIBLE STUDENTS (Missing of incomplete immunizations) DOB DTSP IPV MMR Variests Hep8 Triany Appears Appe	Stud	
EXAMPLE LIST OF SUSCEPTIBLE STUDENTS (Missing of Incomplete Immunitations) DTx9	Student Name	
EXAMPLE LIST OF SUSCEPTIBLE STUDENTS (Missing or incomplete immunitations) PV MMR Variesis Hep8 Tdap Chase States (Pas) S	DOB	
	DTaP (Dipriberts, Telesons, Pertures))	
	(Polio)	EXAMPL
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MenACWY R	Tdap (Tetasus, Dipotresis, Perfussis)	UDENTS
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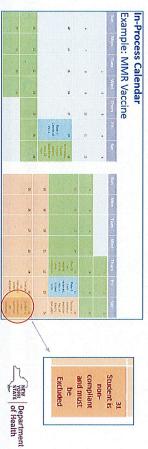
Survey Responsibilities: **Exclusions and School Additional**



Exclusion

school year For students out of compliance with PHL at any time throughout the

Principal or person in charge of school must exclude students who have been out of compliance for more than 14 days until they can provide proof of compliance



In the Event of a Disease Outbreak

- excluded in the event of a disease outbreak Students included on the school's susceptible list may need to be
- If a student is not immunized because of a valid medical schedule, they must be excluded from school if the disease of exemption or is considered in-process and on a catch-up completely immunized against the outbreak is the same disease that the student has not been
- Students should not be allowed to return to school until outbreak no longer poses a threat to susceptible students





vaccine and Pertussis (Tdap) Roll-out Updates Tetanus and Diphtheria toxoid-containing

- A new requirement rolled out in the 2020-21 school year that the Tdap booster must be received
- after 10 years of age to satisfy the NYS immunization requirement Students who were in grades 7-12 during the 2020-21 school year are exempt from this new
- For the 2022-23 school year, the roll-out indicates that students in grades 9-12 are still permitted to have received their Tdap booster as early as age 7; students in grades 6-8 fall under the new table below) requirement and are required to receive their Tdap booster no earlier than 10 years of age (see

Grad	
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	Grades Minimum Age

9, 10, 11 and 12 7 OT

STATE Of Health

Minimum Age Requirement Updates Meningococcal Meningitis (MenACWY)

- As of the 2016-17 school year, the MenACWY conjugate vaccine is a NYS immunization
- Students who were in grades 7-12 during the 2016-17 school year have a minimum age of 6 weeks for their first dose of MenACWY; all younger students must receive their first dose no earlier than 10 years of age, before entering 7th grade
- MenACWY vaccine no earlier than 10 years of age (see table below) MenACWY vaccine as early as 6 weeks of age; students in grades 7-9 must have received their For the 2022-23 school year, students in grades 10-12 are permitted to have received their

2022-23 School Year

10, 11 and 12	7, 8 and 9	Grades	MenA
6 weeks	10	Minimum Age	CWY First Dose



Requirements Roll-Out Table Tdap and MenACWY Immunization

School Year	Tdap adolescent booster minimum age	MenACMY dose 1 minimum age
2022-2023	Grades 6 through 8: 10 years Grades 9 through 12: 7 years	Grades 7 through 9: 10 years Grades 10 through 12: 6 weeks
2025-2024	Grades 6 through 9: 10 years Grades 10 through 12: 7 years	Grades 7 through 10: 10 years Grades 11 and 12: 6 weeks
2024-2025	Grades 6 through 10: 10 years Grades 11 and 12: 7 years	Grades 7 through 11: 10 years Grade 12: 6 weeks
2025-2026	Grades 6 through 11: 10 years Grade 12: 7 years	Grades 7 through 12: 10 years
2026-2027 and beyond	Grades 6 through 12: 10 years	Grades 7 through 12: 10 years



Diphtheria and Tetanus toxoid-containing vaccine and Pertussis (DTaP) for Grades Pre-K through 12

Vaccines

Vaccin



OTaP

Intervals between doses of vaccine must be in accordance with ACIP schedule

- Diphtheria and tetanus toxoids and acellular pertussis (DTaP) vaccine (Minimum age: 6 weeks)
- a. Children starting the series on time should receive a 5-dose series of DTaP vaccine at 2 months, 4 months, 6 months and at 15 through 18 months and at 4 years or older. The fourth dose may be received as early as age 12 months, provided at least 6 months have elapsed since the third dose However, the fourth dose of DTaP need not be repeated if it was administered at least 4 months after the third dose of DTaP. The final dose in the series must be received on or after the fourth birthday and at least 6 months after the previous dose.
- If the fourth close of DTaP was administered at 4 years or older, and at least 6 months after close 3, the fifth (booster) close of DTaP vaccine is not required.
- For children born before 1/1/2005, only immunity to diphtheria is required and doses of DT and Td can meet this requirement.
- Children 7 years and older who are not fully immunized with the childrood DTP vaccine series should receive Tdap vaccine as the first dose in the catch-up series; if additional doses are needed, use if or Tdap vaccine. If the first dose was received before their first birthday, then 4 doses are required, as long as the final dose was received at 4 years or older, if this first dose was received and the first doses are required, as long as the final dose was received at 4 years or older.





Polio (IPV/OPV) for Grades Pre-K Through 12





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IPV/OPV

Intervals between doses of vaccine must be in accordance with ACIP schedule 4. Inactivated polio vaccine (IPV) or oral polio vaccine (OPV). (Minimum age:

- Inactivated polio vaccine (IPV) or oral polio vaccine (OPV). (Minimum age: 6 weeks)
- a. Children starting the series on time should receive a series of IPV at 2 months, 4 months and at 6 through 18 months, and at 4 years or older. The final dose in the series must be received on or after the fourth birthday and at least 6 months after the previous dose.
- For students who received their fourth dose before age 4 and prior to August 7, 2010, 4 doses separated by at least 4 weeks is sufficient.
- c. If the third dose of polio vaccine was received at 4 years or older and at least 6 months after the previous dose, the fourth dose of polio vaccine is not required.
- d. For children with a record of OPV, only trivalent OPV (tOPV) counts toward NYS school polio vaccine requirements. Doses of OPV given before April 1, 2016 should be counted unless specifically noted as monovalent, bivalent or as given during a poliovirus immunization campaign. Doses of OPV given on or after April 1, 2016 should not be counted.





Varicella (Chickenpox) for Grades Pre-K Through 12

Varicella (Chickenpox) vaccine⁷ Vaccines Prekindergarten (Day Care, Head Start, or Pre-k) Nursery 1 dose Kindergarten and Grades 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 2 doses Grades 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 Grade 12

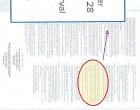




Varicella

Intervals between doses of vaccine must be in accordance with ACIP schedule

- Varicella (chickenpox) vaccine. (Minimum age: 12 months)
- a. The first dose of varicella vaccine must have been received on or after days (4 weeks) after the first dose to be considered valid. the first birthday. The second dose must have been received at least 28
- b. For children younger than 13 years, the recommended minimum interval persons 13 years and older, the minimum interval between doses is 4 at least 4 weeks after the first dose, it can be accepted as valid); for between doses is 3 months (if the second dose was administered





Tdap for Grades 6 Through 12

Tetanus and Diphtheria toxold-containing vaccine and Pertussis vaccine adolescent booster (Tdap)3 Prekindergarten Head Start, (Day Care, or Pre-k) Nursery Not applicable Kindergarten and Grades 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Grades 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 1 dose Grade 12



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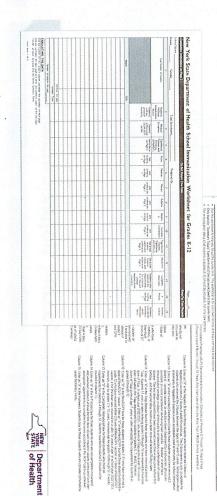
Intervals between doses of vaccine must be in accordance with ACIP schedule

- 3. Tetanus and diphtheria toxolds and acellular pertussis (Tdap) adolescent booster vaccine. (Minimum age for grades 6, 7 and 8: 10 years; minimum age for grades 9 through 12: 7 years) a. Students 11 years or older entering grades 6 through 12 are required to
- have one dose of Tdap.
- b. In addition to the grade 6 through 12 requirement, Tdap may also be given as part of the catch-up series for students 7 years of age and will satisfy the requirement for students in grades 9 through 12 grades 6, 7 and 8; however, doses of Tdap given at age 7 years or older at age 10 years or older will satisfy the Tdap requirement for students in described above. In school year 2022-2023, only doses of Tdap given older who are not fully immunized with the childhood DTaP series, as
- Students who are 10 years old in grade 6 and who have not yet received a Tdap vaccine are in compliance until they turn 11 years old.



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Using Immunization Worksheets

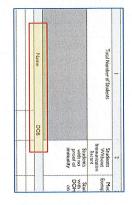
- Fill in school and class information
- School name, grade, and enrollment are all essential when filling out the School Immunization Survey

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Completion inst	ructions on Page 2				9.0	NOT WEIGHT	this roun			Both Street	2000000
School Name											
Room	Grade	Total	Total Enrollment		-	Prepared By	Ву				
		2	3		5	on.	7	တ	9	10	-
	Total Number of Students	Students Without Immunization Record	Medical Exemptions	Diphtherta, Tetanus and Pertussis (DTaP/DT)	Polio	Measles	Mumps	Rubella	Hepatitis B	Varicefla (Chickenpox)	Tdap Sooster Tetanus, Diphtheria and Pertussis
		- 1	Students	See criteria	See	See	Sec	See criteria on	See	See on See	See grade

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Using Immunization Worksheets

- · List students' names and DOBs
- Listing names and DOBs will help in developing a current and accurate susceptible list





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School Survey Instructions

Instructions for Accessing and Completing K-12 Immunization Survey:

https://www.health.ny.gov/prevention/immunization/schools/docs/k12 school survey

instructions.pdf



NYSIIS and CIR



New York State Immunization Information System (NYSIIS)

 NYSIIS helps establish a complete, accurate, secure, realtime immunization medical record that is easily accessible and promotes public health by fully immunizing all individuals appropriate to age and risk





NYSIIS

- NYSIIS can be accessed by your school's HCS coordinator
- Schools will be able to save time in complying with safety and health regulations by using NYSIIS
- Provides immunization records that clearly show vaccinations and dates of administration
- Helps determine validity of spacing between doses of vaccine
- Reports whether doses of vaccine are age appropriate
- Reports whether intervals between doses are correct
- Records exported from NYSIIS are considered valid medical records to have on file for each student if they reflect the most current information available



Public Health Law

Public Health Law § 2164:

ocs/phl title vi.pdf https://www.health.ny.gov/prevention/immunization/schools/d

SubPart 66-1 School Immunization Requirements requirements 10/content/subpart-66-1-school-immunizationhttps://regs.health.ny.gov/volume-1a-title-



CDC

- ACIP catch-up schedule: adolescent.html https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/schedules/hcp/imz/child-
- Diseases, a.k.a. the "Pink Book," provides information on CDC's Epidemiology and Prevention of Vaccine-Preventable
- diseases they prevent: https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pubs/pi vaccines and the nkbook/index.html
- CDC Safety, Multiple Vaccines at Once
- vaccines-immunity.html https://www.cdc.gov/vaccinesafety/concerns/multiple-



Immunization Requirements

- Schools Page: www.health.ny.gov/prevention/immunization/schools
- 2022-23 School Year New York State Immunization Requirements for

School Entrance/Attendance: https://www.health.ny.gov/publications/2370.pdf

- Spanish: https://www.health.ny.gov/publications/2405.pd
- Chinese: https://www.health.ny.gov/publications/2491.pdf
- Haitian: https://www.health.ny.gov/publications/2492.pdf
- Italian: https://www.health.ny.gov/publications/2493.pdf
- Korean: https://www.health.ny.gov/publications/2494.pdf
- Russian: https://www.health.ny.gov/publications/2495.pdf
- Arabic: https://www.health.ny.gov/publications/2497.pdf
- Bengali: https://www.health.ny.gov/publications/2498.pdf
- Yiddish: https://www.health.ny.gov/publications/17092.pdf
- Polish: https://www.health.ny.gov/publications/17093.pdf

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Medical Exemptions

- Medical Exemption: https://www.health.ny.gov/forms/doh-5077.pdf
- Medical Exemption
- Procedures: https://www.health.ny.gov/professionals/doctors/conduc t/docs/medical exemption review procedures for schools.pdf
- NYC Medical Exemption: https://www.schools.nyc.gov/docs/defaultexemption-English source/default-document-library/medical-request-for-immunization-



Contacts

- Online School Assessment Survey: OSAS@health.ny.gov
- NYSIIS: nysiis@health.ny.gov
- Bureau of Immunization: (518) 473-4437
- County Health Departments:
 https://www.health.ny.gov/contact/contact_information/

